**Violence – No Longer Male Territory - Questions**

Answer Questions 1-7 according to the context of the passage.

**Name:  
  
Class:**

**1. What is the phenomenon discussed in the passage?**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
 (10 POINTS)  
  
  
  
**2. What explanations are offered in the text for this new trend in female  
behavior?**  
a. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
b. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
 (12 POINTS)  
  
  
  
**3. What is surprising about the incident described in the opening paragraph?**  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
 (10 POINTS)  
  
  
  
**4. What trend do the figures 8%, 18% and 25% relate to?**  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
 (10 POINTS)

**5. What are assertiveness, talking tough and the use of brute force examples of?**  
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(10 POINTS)  
  
  
  
**6. In line 25 we read: "domestic violence is not a male monopoly either."**

**Complete the sentence.**  
It means that women \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
 (10 POINTS)  
  
  
  
  
  
**7. Are the following True (T) of False (F) according to the passage**.  
a. Most crimes in Germany are committed by girls. \_\_\_\_  
b. There is a decrease in the number of crimes committed by men. \_\_\_\_  
c. Crimes committed by girls are often very cruel. \_\_\_\_  
d. The writer believes that German society should now focus on female  
violence because it's a new phenomenon. \_\_\_\_  
 (8 POINTS)

**Every Man for Himself? - Spoken Texts**

**Access to Information from Spoken Texts**  
נקודהYou are about to hear the text spoken twice.   
נקודהBefore the broadcast, you may look at the question.  
נקודהYou may start answering the question after the first reading.  
  
[**Click here**](http://schoolnet.moodle.ort.org.il/pluginfile.php/94448/mod_folder/content/0/EveryManForHimself.mp3?forcedownload=1) **to listen to the spoken text (ctrl + click)**

Answer the questions according to the context of the passage you have just  
heard.  
Fill in the correct answer or circle the number of the most suitable answer given.   
  
  
**1. Circle two of the following statements that are true about Yiannis Avranas.**a. He was the captain of the Greek ship ***Oceanos***.  
b. He is from South Africa.  
c. He was the captain of the ***Titanic.***  
d. He was rescued by a helicopter while his ship was sinking.  
  
  
**2. Most people thought that what Avranas did was…**(i) the only think he could have done.  
(ii) The wrong think to do, because it was irresponsible.  
(iii) the right thing to do because everyone survived.  
  
  
**3. The real hero of ship *Oceanos* was a man from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .**  
  
**4. He also made sure that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**  
  
**5. This hero saved the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that belonged to the captain.**  
  
**6. Avranas' employers**(i) criticized him for what he had done.  
(ii) supported what he had done.  
(iii) told Avranas to abandon his ship.  
(iv) directed the evacuation of the passengers.  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
**7. The rules "women and children first" and "the captain is the last one to leave his ship"**(i) are laws of the sea.  
(ii) are fairly new traditions among sea captains.  
(iii) are considered a crime today.  
(iv) have always been the code of behavior on the sea.

**8. The *Titanic***(i) enforced the traditions of "women and children first."  
(ii) lost everybody on board the ship.  
(iii) had a captain who managed, miraculously, to survive.  
(iv) sank in 1852.  
  
  
**9. The ship *Birkenhead***(I) sank, killing nearly 500 men and 13 women and children.  
(ii) tossed women overboard so that the men could have more food  
supplies.  
(iii) had a captain named Smith.  
(iv) sank in 1852, but managed to save the 13 women and children on board.